

Efficient Synthesis of Fused Bicyclic Glutarimides. Its Application to (\pm)-Alloyohimbane and Louisianin D

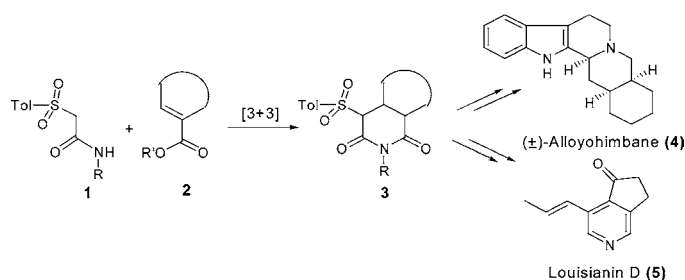
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Received April 21, 2006

ABSTRACT



The reaction of α -sulfonyl acetamide **1** with various cyclic unsaturated esters **2** to fused bicyclic glutarimides is reported. Syntheses of (\pm)-alloyohimbane (**4**) and lousianin D (**5**) have been accomplished.

Bicyclic pyridines, piperidines, δ -lactams, and 2-pyridones are important core structures that are found in numerous biologically active compounds.¹ Although many methods have been reported for the synthesis of such compounds,² we envisioned that our previously developed [3+3] annulation of α -sulfonyl acetamide with α,β -unsaturated esters to give polysubstituted glutarimides³ would be ideal for

constructing fused bicyclic glutarimides which could be further converted to nitrogen-containing polycyclic alkaloids.^{2b,4}

Thus, the reaction of α -sulfonyl acetamide **1** with various cyclic unsaturated esters **2** was investigated. The results are shown in Table 1. It is interesting to note that **3a** and **3b** are both cis-fused bicyclic compounds. The structures of **3a** and **3b** were unequivocally established by single-crystal X-ray

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Table 1. Formation of Fused Bicyclic Glutarimides

Entry	α -sulfonyl amide	Michael acceptor	product (yield %)
1			 (\pm)- 3a (88%) ^a
2			 (\pm)- 3b (83%) ^a
3			 (\pm)- 3c (64%) ^a
4			 (\pm)- 3d (64%) ^a
5			 (\pm)- 3e (35%) ^a

^a All yields were based on α -toluenesulfonyl acetamide.

analysis (Figure 1). The stereochemistries of **3c–e** were determined by comparing their ¹H NMR spectra with those of **3a** and **3b**.

To demonstrate the utility of this one-pot process, the formal synthesis of (\pm)-alloyohimbane (**4**) was investigated. As shown in Scheme 1, regioselective reduction of **3e** by sequential addition of triethylamine in THF and LAH reduction at refluxing temperature furnished **6**. Treatment of **6** with sodium amalgam gave 4,5-annulated lactam **7**. The spectral data of **7** were in agreement with those reported in the literature.^{4a,5} Lactam **7** has been converted to alloyohimbane (**4**).^{4a,5} Thus, the formal synthesis of alloyohimbane (**4**) was accomplished.

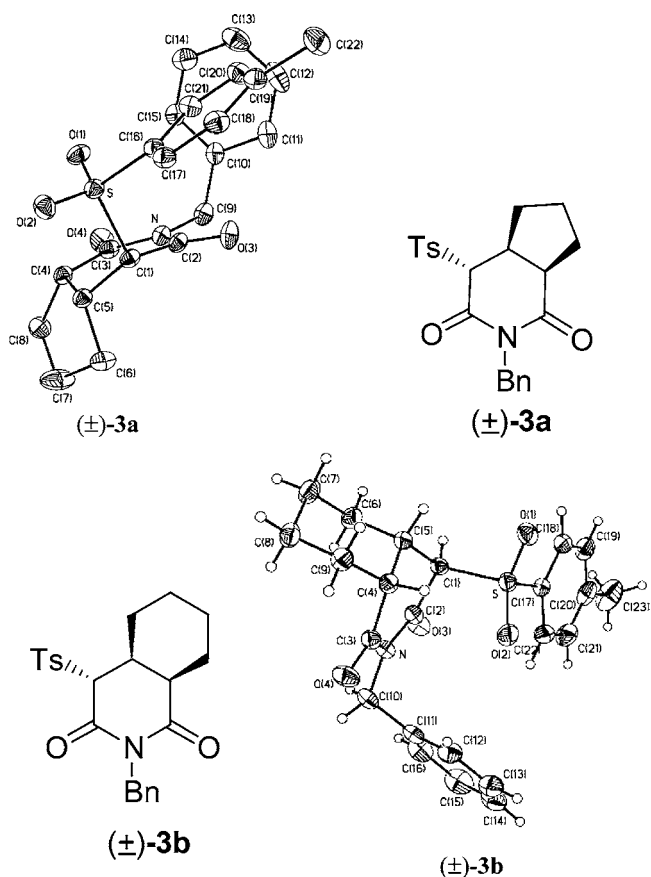
For the synthesis of louisianin D (**5**)^{4b} produced by a species of *Streptomyces*,⁶ glutarimide **3a** was chosen as the

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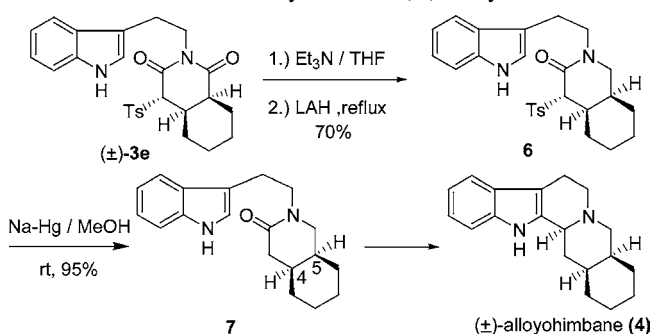
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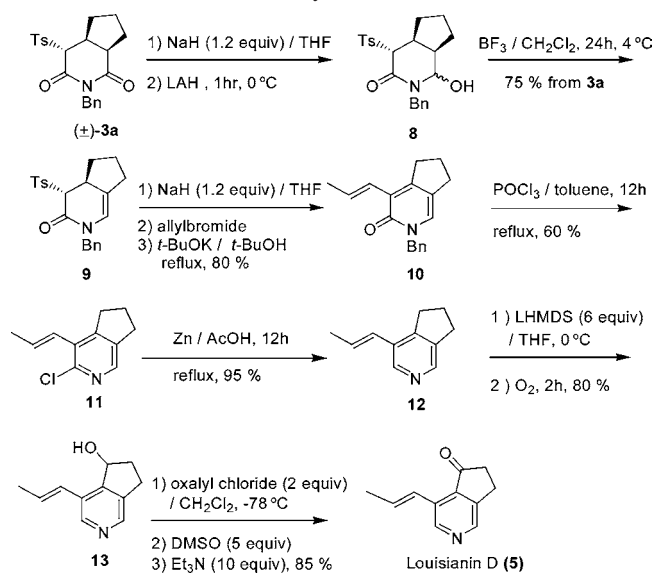
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**Figure 1.** X-ray structures of (\pm)-**3a** and (\pm)-**3b**.

starting material. Following the procedure developed in our laboratory,⁷ **3a** was reduced regioselectively to the corresponding hydroxylactam **8**. Treatment of **8** with boron trifluoride furnished enlactam **9**. Allylation of **9** followed by dehydrosulfonation produced double-bond migrated 2-pyridone **10**. To accomplish the synthesis of louisianin D, **10** was first converted to the corresponding 2-chloropyridine **11**, which was then reduced to bicyclic pyridine **12** by treatment of **11** with zinc in acetic acid.⁸ Regioselective hydroxylation of **12** with LHMDS and oxygen yielded **13**,⁹ which was then further oxidized with the swern-oxidation

Scheme 1. Formal Synthesis of (\pm)-Alloyohimbane

Scheme 2. Total Synthesis of Louisianin D

reagent to afford **5** (Scheme 2). The spectral data of **5** were in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁶

In conclusion, we have developed a one-pot reaction procedure to cis-fused bicyclic glutarimides. Syntheses of (\pm)-alloyhimbane (**4**) and louisianin D (**5**) were reported. Further application of fused bicyclic glutarimides to more complicated pentacyclic indole alkaloids is underway in our laboratory.

Acknowledgment. Financial support from the National Science Council of the Republic of China is gratefully acknowledged.

Supporting Information Available: Additional spectroscopic data for all new compounds ($^1\text{H NMR}$ in CDCl_3) and X-ray crystallographic data in CIF format. This material is available free of charge via the Internet at <http://pubs.acs.org>.

OL060958K

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